THE MEREDITH EAGLE.

VOL. IV. MEREDITH, N. H., SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1883. NO. 157.

A LOVE THOUGHT.

Love, if Death prove but a dream,
And we seem
Waking out of it, to grow,
Dearer to each other far
Than we are
In this human life below.

Will our spirits dimly yearn
As they burn
In Infinity on high,
For each old familiar grace
Of this place,
Where we lingered but to die?

Will our souls remember well
What befell
On this moonlit night in June—
Nature swooning into bliss
And a kiss
That put heart-beats into tune?

FEAR AND SMILE.

"What are you?" said a tear,
To a smile playing near.
"With a flickering shimmer,
You transiently glimmer
On the meaningless features of mirth,
But you nothing express
Of the angu-h and stress
That make up man's portion on earth."

"You are rather severe,"
Said the smile to the tear.
"For as day, to shine bright,
Needs a background of night,
So grief must be bordered with gladness;
And the light of a smile,
More than once in a while,
Helps a tear to unbosom its sadness."

JOSEPH DAWSON.

A BUNCH OF VIOLETS.

Handsome Lawrie Wrexham looked down very fondly on the pretty golden head of his little sweetheart, as he said:

"And so you will go, Zay? Well, what will I bring you for flowers? Some rosebuds?—white or red?"

"Neither, Lawrie, I am going to wear white, and if you could get me some violets, English violets—fragrant, you know—I should be delighted!"

There was little fear but that pretty Zay Ingelow would be "delighted," as Lawrie turned away.

To-be-sure, there was but one florist in the old town of Woodburgh, but he would be pretty sure to have the violets, Lawrie thought. Just the thing to finish one of Zay's exquisitely simple costumes, he considered. The blue would contrast with her golden hair and match her azure eyes. A charming girl—he wished the matter of their engagement were settled; but Zay was very young, hadrly seventeen, and naturally loth to give up her "maiden meditatious, fancy free."

Though of course she liked his admiration and devotion—who would not, when the lover chanced to be such a gallant, handsome fellow as Lawrie Wrexham? And just now a delightful evening was in prospect; a dancing party at Mrs. Harlengen's—and both were happy.

As Lawrie went down to the bank the next morning, he stopped in at the florist's.

"You will have some nice English violets this evening?"

"Oh, yes; plenty of them, sir!"

So that matter was settled. He would stop on his way up town, at five o'clock, and take them. Zay should have the freshest and bluest, and how pleased she would be! He had a peculiar liking for violets himself—fancied their clean, infantile fragrance—and somehow his thoughts were haunted all day by the dainty things.

At a quarter of five he shut up his desk with a snap, and turned his back on business. A five-minutes walk and he entered the florist's establishment.

Mr. Wreath came forward with four glowing bunches of blue, and a smile of apology.

"Will these be enough? I hope so! I had the greatest difficulty in saving them for you, I assure you, sir; for a large order for flowers for a child's funeral came to-day—took all our white flowers, wanted all our violets.

"No, I have nothing for you to-day!"

The last to a ragged boy, who certainly was not the kind of customer the florist delighted in. He was miserable in garb and famine-pale, but a bright, knowing little fellow, withal.

Lawrie was looking at the boys as he replied, mechanically, that there would probably be enough of the violets, and was struck by the manly way in which the boy swallowed some trouble with a big gulp.

He turned and went quietly out of the store.

"Our trade is not much troubled by that class of people," remarked Mr. Wreath, tying up the violets in a conical package, "but sometimes they do beg for flowers, and we give them, occasionally, a few that have gone to waste. Send these up, sir?"

"No; I will take them."

As Lawrie went out of the store he saw the boy standing by the curb with a dejected air, and the latter, looking up, met his eye.

"What did you want with flowers?" Lawrie asked, lightly.

"I did not want them for myself," replied the boy, soberly.

"For whom, then? Your dog?" referring to a forlorn white puppy who sat close by the boy's heels.

"No; my sister."

"Does your sister look as nice as you do?" laughed Lawrie, glancing at the boy's grimy hands and tattered heels.

He had no wish to be cruel, this prosperous, joyous young man; but the incongruity of adorning such a person with flowers struck him as ludicrous. He actually expected a rough answer from the little street gamin—such people were naturally apt with replies; judge, then, of his surprise when the boy suddenly hurst into sobs.

"I tell ye what," he gasped, "'aint no fun bein' poor, an' doin' without things! I like flowers well as you—an' my baby sister liked 'em just as well as any of your folks."

Lawrie, who had been waiting at the curb for a street-car, let No. 56 go by without hail.

"Oh, I didn't mean to make you cry, boy," he said. "Excuse me, won't you?" answering the reproach in the boy's honest eyes. "I only meant a bit of fun."

But for a moment the boy's grief seemed uncontrollable. Then he broke out again.

"She's been sick all summer, an' the man in there used to give me flowers, sometimes. Sis wouldn't eat or drink, but she'd shut both hands tight over them flowers, an' hold 'em close to her breast. She'd get bright a-smellin' of 'em. Nothin' else would do her any good; an' they didn't much, for she's dead. I'd give a hundred dollars, if I had it, for some of them blue, sweet-smellin' ones to put on her now."

And with an utterly heart-broken countenance the boy turned away.

"Stop a minute," said Lawrie. "Where do you live? Have you a father and mother?"

"There is only mother, an' Sissy, an' me. Father's dead, and they a-e to bury her to-day," added the boy, choking, evidently with but one thought in his mind.

"Are you very—poor?" Lawrie was about to say, but substituted "badly off."

"Do you live down there?" as the boy turned toward a dingy court with an obscure entrance.

"Just you come an' see if I ain't tellin you the truth!" exclaimed the boy.

And Lawrie, half unwillingly followed him into a basement close at hand.

A bare, dark, dingy place; an emaciated woman in rags sitting at the foot of a miserable bed, in which lay a little dead child—the latter quite unprepared for burial, though the woman started up with the cry:

"Oh, I thought it was the folks come to take her!"

The young man was certainly much shocked.

"When did she die?" he asked the boy, looking at the child.

She was a ye y pretty baby of about two years old, in spite of death and filth. The long, curled lashes lay peacefully on the little, marble cheek, the silken-golden hair was parted smoothly on the pretty brow, and the tiny hands were locked on the small, pulseless breast; but the dirty garment in which the child died still enveloped her.

"My poor baby!" sobbed the poor mother; "she died last night, sir. An' I've nothin' white an' pretty to put on her," she added. "We are cruel poor, sir!"

Lawrie quickly drew a handful of silver from his pocket, and pressed it into the mother's hand; but before she could thank him two men come into the room, one bearing under his arm a little coffin, and the poor woman started up with a cry of dismay and anguish.

"Oh, not yet!" she cried. "She only died last night. Why need you take her yet?"

"Sorry for yer, ma'am," said one of the men; "but I'll have to attend to this job right off. Business is business."

The poor woman made no further resistance. She stood watching them, and moaning, as they lifted the poor baby and laid the little, lifeless thing straight in its narrow bed.

"An' I had nothing white an' pretty to put on her," she murmured again.

Lawrie was not ashamed to press his handkerchief to his eyes at the pitiful sight of the poor child, who had evidently died for the want of the necessaries of life—cleanliness, fresh air and wholesome food; but at the mother's and murmer, he bent down and laid the white cambric smoothly across the little form.

"The violets! Where are they?" he cried.

They had fallen to the floor. The boy bent and put them in his hand, and tearing off their wrapper Lawrie laid them, in all their fragrance, upon the child's breast. And the sight was lovely.

"God bless you! God bless you, sir!" whispered the boy.

"It's nothing," said Lawrie, hastily. "I wish I could do more."

Then he tore himself away, much affected.

* * * * * * *

"Oh, Lawrie!" said pretty Zay. "I am disappointed. You have brought me no violets."

"No," said Lawrie.

He was still in a daze from the woeful sight he had seen, and Zay thought he had forgotten.

She was a little spoiled, this only daughter of doting parents, and turned away, pouting.

To-be-sure there was plenty of smilax, ivy and geranium leaves in the bay window, and her mother helped to pin knots of them upon the fleecy skirt; but Zay was offended.

In the carriage, on their way to Mrs. Harlengen's, he tried to explain, but it was rather an awkward task, and Zay was not disposed to listen.

She danced all the evening with Captain Burges, who was the only rival Lawrie had ever dreaded, and on their return scouted the subject of the violets so entirely and treated Lawrie so haughtily that that young gentleman frowned and held a proud peace. In short he and Zay fell out.

"I don't suppose it *was* just the thing to give the violets to those unfortunate people—and I dare say she'd think I was crazy if I told her," murmured Lawrie. "But how could I help it?"

This worry and a cold, which he took standing bareheaded at the carriage door, while naughty Zay delayed as long as possible (making a faint of arranging her wraps), putting her hand in his and her pretty slippered foot on the carriage-step, gave him a high fever next morning, and his father who was a physician, forbade Lawrie going out. So, the cold and fever proving obstinate, Lawrie was kept housed for several days.

He tormented himself, meanwhile, imagining Captain Burges paying court to Zay—haughty little Zay—who probably wished to have no more to say to him.

But the truth was that Zay was much more miserable than himself. She gave Captain Burges the cold shoulder without hesitation. Now that she had quarreled with Lawrie, and he did not come near her, she know that she loved him. She did *not* know that he was sick. She believed that he was angry with her, and with reason.

"After all, I might have listened to his explanation. I believe he *did* get the violets, and then gave them away, to whom? Oh, to some other girl!" cried Zay, jealous and miserable. "I don't believe he went to a funeral. A queer kind of funeral, late in the afternoon! Oh, I know now—there is somebody else! I know he don't love me as I love him!"

Zay had a favorite aunt to whom she confided her griefs—saintly Aunt Mercy.

"My dear," she said, "there is no way of forgetting our troubles so well as by contemplating the woes of others. I am going on a benevolent visit this afternoon. Come with me and see the poor folks of Grim's Alley."

Now Zay did not like poor folks, but she bathed her swollen eyes and followed Aunt Mercy.

* * * * * * *

"God bless the handsome face of the kind young gentlemanwho did, it ma'am, and' if I never see th' likes o' him again I'll never say th' rich isn't kind-hearted, with my poor baby buried in his snow-white handkerchief, with a beautiful 'L. W.' embroidered on the corner, and covered with the violets—oh, how sweet-smellin' they were!—that he had his hands full of, to carry them to some lady likely! He was a beautiful young gentleman, an' Dickie an' I'll never forget him!"

Zay understood. They had chanced upon the miserable basement from which the poor child had been buried. The tears filled her eyes.

She made a call that evening upon Lawrie's mother, which, so far, was good form; but when she heard that Lawrie was sick, she cried:

"Oh, he didn't catch anything in that dreadful place, did he?"

She was so agitated that Mrs. Wrexham was astonished and bewildered, while she soothed her; and the doctor was sure Lawrie only had a bad cold.

Then Zay asked to see him.

"Will you go up to his room?" asked Mrs. Wrexham. "We'd rather he wouldn't come down."

"I think I will," faltered Zay, blushing.

Lawrie started at sight of her as if he had been shot, but when she said, putting her hand in his, "I have been to that poor place and know all. Forgive me!" he was the picture of happiness.

And in two days the engagement was announced.

The wedding followed in due time; and fastened upon Zay's beautiful breast, with the orange blossoms, was a bunch of violets.—*Illustrated World.*

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

The Situation of the Colored Man as Bro. Gardner Finds Him.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

"I hold heah in my hand," said Bro. Gardner as the sixteen kerosene lamps in Paradise Hall were turned on at full blaze, "a letter from Washington axin' me to furnish de guv'ment wid such statisticks regardin' de cull'd race as we hev thus fur bin able to gather since de organizashun of de Lime-Kiln Club. De Secretary has prepar'd an' will for'd de followin' valuable slices of informashun:

"1. Gin a darkey a cocked hat an' a tin sword an' de noise of a drum, an' you kin lead him anywhar' you will.

"2. We can't see dat de color am bleachin' out any.

"3. We doan' know dat de black man has growed any wuss doorin' de las' twenty y'ars, an' we can't prove dat he has growed any better.

"4. Truth, honesty an' industry am three great jewels hidden in de groun'. Looks like a heap of cull'd folks war' too lazy to dig down an' find 'em.

"5. Our religun am 'bout de same, an our pollyticks all mixed up.

"6. De inventiveg enius of de race hasn't turned so much to mechanism an' art as to plannin' how to make one day's work bring in a libbin' fur de rest of de week.

"In case any of de members know of any fudder faks b'arin' on de issue I should like to h'ar from him."

Sir Isaac Walpole thought he could see a great improvement in social etiquette. Colored brothers who had formerly heaved brick-bats at him now raised their hats as they passed, and women who once went barefoot in their shoes now were stockings costing six bits.

Giveadam Jones had seen a great change in his race in ten years. When a black man who never owned a fowl in his life had chicken pie three times a week the year 'round there was a combination of genius and progress which could not be kept down or drowned out.

Waydown Bebee thought the colored man was more industrious than in former years. He had known lots of them to work hard all day for insignificant wages to get money to patronize policy shops and purchase lottery tickets.

Several other choice bits of information were cheerfully tendered, and the Secretary was instructed to incorporate them and write his report in red ink.

"To boil de matter down inter syrup," added the President, "de cull'd man has got his liberty, but am hungry an' ragged fo'-fifths of de time. He has got de ballot, but de white folks have got de offices. He has got civil rights, but he hain't got de cash for a seat in de parkay circle or de palace kyar. Let us purceed to bizness."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

BENNETT, THE *Herald* EDITOR, is full of wild jokes. Recently at Villefranche he sent the captain and mate of his yacht ashore and then ran the vessel on to the beach. He has more than once done similar things, and not only when he was alone with his crew, but when he happened to have large parties of friends on board. He has often spread every stitch of canvas in a gale of wind to the great terror and despair of his companions. As soon as he sees that everybody has been duly scared, and that the joke has become dangerous, he goes quietly to bed, well knowing that the moment he is gone his sails will be taken down and reefed.

A YOUNG LADY FROM New Haven recently applied in Boston for a position as nursery governess. She was informed that she must give her whole time to the three darlings, sleeping and eating with them, bathing them, cleaning their room, walking out of doors with them, teaching them all the English branches, Parisian French, correct German, perfect technique on the piano, and elegant manners, and when not sewing form them assisting with the family sewing, besides dressing herself well. She was to have no "outs," and if upon trial she suited she might receive as much as $16 a month.

IN A NEW YORK CAR twenty-two males might be seated and twenty females hanging on to the straps. It would be a miracle if one of the males arose to give a lady his seat. A city paper says that in a Third avenue elevated car, at a quarter to seven the other evening, fourty-four well-dressed men were seated and four ladies were standing. Of the men four were old and gray and eighteen were looking at the ladies over the tops of newspapers. The others looked at the ladies out of the corners of their eyes. Of the forty "hogs," but three, it is fair to state, wore the "dude" collar.

OBJECTION IS MADE to naming one of the new steel cruisers the "Chicago," as Lawrie's mother, which, so far, was good form; but when she heard that Lawrie was sick, she cried: proposed by Secretary Chandler, because "Chicago" is said to be the Indian name for a retromingent animal that fights with his tail. The President told a young lady, the daughter of an Eastern State Senator, that she might select the name for the dispatch boat. The young lady very promptly selected the name Pinafore, and the President just as promptly said: "Very appropriate, but it won't do."

IN MARCH, 1881, THE Quincy, Ill., Coal Company sent $3,000 to Colchester to pay its miners. The money was stolen by Captain D. S. Howell, who fled, evading the shrewdest detectives. A short time ago the company received $3,000 from Howell, who asked that it be applied in restitution. He has now appeared at Quincy with the balance, surrended it and himself. Howell states that a sudden temptation induced the crime, but when he opened the package he tried unavailingly to replace the seal. Then he tried to shoot himself but had lost his revolver. In despair he fled to Mexico, where he was robbed of $3,000 and invested the balance in a coffee plantation and trebled it. He lived under an assumed name in fear of detectives, and at last conscience impelled him to return and surrender. This was his first offense and he will not be prosecuted.

A WASHINGTON correspondent notes the wonderful resemblance in appearance between Congressman Phil Thompson, of Kentucky, and his brother John, saying: "So much are they alike that John always walks into the House past the Door-keepers whenever he comes here, not one of them suspecting that he is not Phil. When John goes into the House he usually takes his seat on some one of the sofas in the rear of the seats, and members passing almost invariably salute him in a way that shows they suppose him to be the member from the Eighth District of Kentucky.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound Health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA

CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will subdue, relieve and cure more terrible diseases, and will positively cure more cases in less time, than any other article. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Procure a bottle at once.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and External Use). CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Sore Throat, in every instance. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and Strengthening, and that his wife uses them for her chickens. Sold by druggists, or will send 1 can, prepaid, for 60 cts., or 3 cans for $1.00. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 4 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY

For Sale by H. F. WYATT, Town Hall Drug Store, Plymouth, N. H.

TRADE MARK

Dr. CLARK JOHNSON'S Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. *Millions* testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the

BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.

AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory 77 W. 3d St., New York City. Druggists sell it.

KENNE, Cheshire Co., N. H.

Dr. Clark Johnson:—

The use of your reliable Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of a severe pain in my side. I advise suffering humanity to give it a trial.

S. KENNA.

celyjan24

NORTH WEARE, N. H., Oct. 4 1889.

Dr. Clark Johnson:—

I was afflicted with severe Running Sores on my hip, which confined me to my bed. Hearing of your Indian Blood Syrup, I procured some, and a short trial has given me almost entire relief. I cannot praise it too highly. ISAAC E. WYMAN.

elyjan24

Diseases of the Stomach.

PORTSMOUTH, Rockingham County, N. H.

MR. CLARK JOHNSON:—I had a Weak Stomach and was unable to attend to my work, and could not eat to keep up my strength. I purchased some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and was greatly benefited by its use. JOSEPH WARNER

jsan13 ly

To all who are interested in

Fine Parlor and Chamber

FURNITURE

We now have our spacious Ware-Rooms filled to overflowing with the Largest Stock of Parlor and Chamber Furniture to be found in the State. This stock comprises special lines of the best Black Walnut, Ash, and Painted Chamber Suits, Dining Room, Library, and

Parlor Furniture.

At the head of our Upholstery Department is the finest workman in the State, and all Custom Work coming from his hands will be guaranteed first class in every particular.

DRAPERY.

In our Drapery Department may be found a complete assortment of Laces and Drapery Goods, Poles, and Cornices; and having a first-class man to superintend this special branch, we will warrant our work second to none in the State.

Requesting all to inspect our stock, we remain very respectfully yours,

122 North Main St., Concord, N.H.

PATTEN & HEATH.

T. W. & J. H. S.

NEW SUITINGS.

Now is the time to select suitings for SPRING and SUMMER WEAR. We have just received from abroad a full line of all the latest novelties and are making up both DOMESTIC and FOREIGN GOODS at a very small margin of profit.

We have good work, good goods and do not charge fancy prices. We believe in small profits, thereby ensuring general satisfaction to our patrons.

T. W. & J. H. STEWART,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Bamford Block, Opposite City Clock. [jsaapr26tf] CONCORD, N. H.

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—IF YOU WANT—

Choice Seeds

—EITHER FOR—

Flower Garden, Vegetable Garden or Farm,

TRY OURS.

We have all the desirable varieties, both home grown and foreign, at fair prices and

BEST IN QUALITY.

Catalogues free on application at the office of this paper.

EVERETT & GLEASON,

34 South Market Street, - - - Boston, Mass.

RUMNEY.

"Martial music" in connection with the "peeping" of frogs is heard in the village nearly every evening.

C. A. Chase has returned from the "the hub" with a new supply of goods.

A telephone line will soon be in operation between the villages.

Farm work has been delayed by the cold backward weather. The rain of Saturday night, however, did much good, causing the grass to look several shades greener.

Samuel Herbert and wife have returned from their winter sojourn in Florida.

The remains of Mrs. Eva Dickerson Jones were brought here from Lebanon for interment last week. She will be remembered by many as a school teacher and former resident of this town.

W. J. Spaulding is at Bethlehem.

Charles A. Chase has moved into the house recently owned by S. H. Quincy.

Rev. K. S. Hall was unable to perform pastoral duty last Sabbath on account of illness. N.

Mrs. Josiah Quincy has united the Quincy farm with the old homestead.

Miss Clara Avery and Mr. Henry Blanchard were married on the 7th.

Milton Holden has sold his estate, known as the Thomas George place, to a former tenant.

R. B. Clark is getting his house in readiness for summer boarders.

Capt. A. Bradley has been patiently removing the barbs from the wire fence at Quincy's station. Q.

Ayer's Hair Vigor restores the original color, by its stimulating action at the roots, produces a vigorous growth, and gives the hair that beautiful lustre which results only from a strong, healthy condition. jsealt

Slow rivers flow five miles per hour.

Don't You

neglect a cough or cold, but go at once and get a bottle of Dr. Topliff's Syrup of Tar, and obtain relief. It never fails to cure. jsealt

San Domingo surrendered in 1809.

Save Your Pictures.

By having them framed at the best and cheapest place in the city, E. R. Coburn & Co., 740 Elm, St. the old reliable firm. Frames to order, wholesale and retail, from the cheapest to the best carved or gilded. jsmaffbl4

Sir John Franklin was last seen in 1845.

To any one (who can fill the bill) in want of a salaried situation with an established firm, we call attention to the advertisement of R. G. Chase & Co., headed "live men," in another column. jsea26tmar13

An ephah, or bath, contained 7 gallons, and 4 pints.

Parties who have pictures to be framed are reminded that they can have the work done at Coburn's bookstore in Museum building, Manchester, and that it will be perfectly satisfactory as to quality and price. Mr. Coburn keeps a large stock of frames and framing material, and employs experienced workmen. jsemfmar8

The Howe sewing machine was patented in 1846.

Picture framing of all kinds is made a specialty at Coburn's bookstore in Museum building, Manchester. There will also be found a large stock of books and periodicals, including the works of standard authors, gold pens and pencils, work boxes, and a variety of fancy articles needed in the household, and all selling at bottom prices. jsemfmar8

Brazil abolishedslavery in 1871.

Any trouble in the region of the heart should be enquired into at once. You make a mistake if you suppose it will soon pass away, the disease gains strength with time. Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator will cure it; thousands say so. Pamphlet free of F. E. Ingalls, Concord, N. H. Price $1.00 per bottle. For sale by Druggists. jseaapril11m

The Pacific telegraph was opened in 1861.

Notwithstanding the dull season which always follows immediately upon the holidays' Coburns bookstore in Museum building, Manchester, is doing a thriving trade, owing to the large and the reputation for low prices enjoyed by this store. jsefeb8

A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.

Work given out. On receipt of your address we will make an offer by which you can earn $3 to $7 evenings, at your home. Men, Women, Boys or Girls can do it. H. E. WILKINSON & Co., 195 and 197 Fulton Street, New York. jsemfmapril18

The first lucifer match was made in 1829.

The sum of 25 cts. cash, or more, will be paid to any person in any town for each account of fire, accident or other important item that may concern life or property, if sent immediately by mail, telephone or telegraph, (the former preferable when ever possible because cheaper) to Box 949, Plymouth, N. H jesafnov23

A barrel of pork weighs 200 pounds.

C. E. Allen's Floral Catalogue is a superbly illustrated book of 64 pages descriptive of Seeds and Plants. This splendid Catalogue is replete with instructive reading matter, giving the most perfect and complete methods of cultivation together with descriptions of all the new varieties, of recent introduction. We would advise all lovers of the beautiful, exquisite creations of Infinite Love so sweetly perfumed, (as seen in the Floral Kingdom,) to send to Brattleboro, Vt., for this gem of Floral Beauties, and deck their homes with flowering plants from this Establishment. His terms are very reasonable. He also has Small Fruits connected therewith.

A. D. SPALTER.

jsea13

The average human life is 31 years.

Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine.

For delightful, edifying and instructive reading this magazine is not excelled by any of its contemporaries, and the June number, in these respects, we think, could scarcely be surpassed. The following admirable articles are profusely illustrated: "What is the Baptist Church?" by Rev. Dr. Chambliss, being a continuation of "Religious Denominations in the United States"; "Among the Natives of the North," (No. II) by Lieutenant Schwatka; "The Other Side of Greek History, Ancient and Modern," by Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts; "Sacred Musicians of the Nineteenth Century," by Alfreton Harver; "The American Pilgrim in Palestine," by E. DeLeon, etc. There are articles by the editor, Dr. Talmage, on the late Alexander H. Stephens and Peter Cooper, and a sermon in the Home Pulpit, "The Cloudless Morning." There are also articles, essays, stories and poems by Adelaide Stout, Ida Harvey, Olive M. Bertell, Rev. W. W. Belfort, S. T. B., Mrs. W. Fawcett, Rev. E. Payson Hammond, etc., etc., and a most interesting miscellany. Price 25 cents, or $3 a year, postpaid. Address Mrs. Frank Leslie, Publisher, 53, 55 and 57 Park Place, New York.

THE ANATHEMAS OF THE ROMAN CHURCH.

The *Augsburg Gazette* publishes that portion of the Syllabus known as *Canones de Ecclesia*, proposed to the Council at Rome as the new dogmatic scheme. The following is a translation:—

OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.

CANON 1. If any man say that the religion of Christ does not exist, and is not expressed in any particular association instituted by Christ himself, but that it may be properly observed and exercised by individuals separately without reference to any society which may be the true church of Christ, let him be anathema.

2. If any man say that the church has not received from the Lord Jesus Christ any certain and immutable form of constitution, but that, like other human associations, it has been subject, according to the changes of times, to vicissitudes and variations, let him be anathema.

3. If any man say that the Church of the Divine promises is not an external and visible society, but is entirely internal and invisible, let him be anathema.

4. If any man say that the true Church is not a body one in itself, but that it is composed of various and dispersed societies being the Christian title, and that it is common to them all, or that various societies differing from each other in profession of faith and holding separate communion, constitutes, as members and portions, a Church of Christ, one and universal, let him be anathema.

5. If any man say that the Church of Christ is not a society absolutely necessary for eternal salvation, as that men may be saved by the adoption of any other religion whatsoever, let him be anathema.

6. If any man say that the intolerance, whereby the Catholic Church proscribes and condemns all religious sects which are separate from her communion, is not prescribed by the Divine law, or that with respect to the truth of religion it is possible to have opinions only, but not certainty, and that consequently, all religious sects should be tolerated by the Church, let him be anathema.

7. If any man say that the same Church of Christ may be obscured by darkness, or infected with evils, in consequence of which it may depart from the wholesome truth of the faith and manners, deviate from its original institution, or terminate only in becoming corrupt and depraved, let him be anathema.

8. If any man say that the present Church of Christ is not the last and supreme institution for obtaining salvation, but that another is to be looked for from a new and fuller outpouring of the Holy Spirit, let him be anathema.

9. If any man say that the infallibility of the Church is restricted solely to things which are contained in Divine revelation, and that it does not also extend to other truths which are necessary in order that the great gift of revelation may be preserved in its integrity, let him be anathema.

10. If any man [illegible] Church, is not a perfect society, but a corporation (*Collegium*), or that as such in respect of civil society or the State it is subject to secular domination, let him be anathema.

11. If any man say that the Church divinely instituted, is like to a society of equals; that the Bishops have indeed an office and a ministry, but not a power of governing proper to themselves, which is bestowed upon them by Divine ordination, and which they ought to exercise freely, let him be anathema.

12. If any man hold that Christ our Lord and Sovereign has only conferred upon his Church a directing power by means of its counsels and persuasions, but not of ordering by its laws, or of constraining and compelling by antecedent judgments and salutary penalties those who wander and those who are contumacious, let him be anathema.

13. If any man say that the true Church of Christ, out of which no one can be saved, is any other than the Holy Roman Catholic and Apostolic Church, let him be anathema.

14. If any man say that the Apostolic St. Peter has not been instituted by our Lord Christ as Prince of all the Apostles and visible head of the Church Militant, or that he received only the pre-eminence of honor, but not the primacy of true and sole jurisdiction, let him be anathema.

15. If any man say that it does not follow from the institution of our Lord Christ himself that St. Peter has perpetual successors in his primacy over the Universal Church, or that the Roman Pontiff is not by Divine right the successor of Peter in that same primacy, let him be anathema.

16. If any man say that the Roman Pontiff has only a function of inspection and of direction, but not a full and supreme power of jurisdiction over the Universal Church, or that this power is not ordinary and immediate over the whole Church taken as a whole or separately, let him be anathema.

17. If any man say that the independent ecclesiastical power respecting which the Church teaches that it has been conferred upon it by Christ, and the supreme civil power can not co-exist so that the rights of each may be observed, let him be anathema.

18. If any man say that the power which is necessary for the government of civil society does not emanate from God, or that no obedience is due to it by virtue even of the law of God, or that such power is repugnant to the natural liberty of man, let him be anathema.

19. If any man say that all rights existing among men are derived from the political State or that there is no authority besides that which is communicated by such State, let him be anathema.

20. If any man say that in the law of the political State or in the public opinion of men has been deposited the supreme rule of conscience for public and social actions, or that the judgments by which the Church pronounced upon what is lawful and what is unlawful, do not extend to such actions, or that by the force of civil law an act which by virtue of Divine or ecclesiastical law is null will, can become lawful, let him be anathema.

21. If any man say that the laws of the Church have no binding force until they have been confirmed by the sanction of the civil power, or that it belongs to the said civil power to judge and to decree in matters of religion by virtue of its supreme authority, let him be anathema.

MR. EDITOR:—Much to the satisfaction of very many of your readers, you gave some little time since the "Andover Creed." *Pari passu*, with that piece of bigotry, with which the inspiration of modern free thought is antagonistic even to extermination, ought always to go the following precious document. In fact, what I here inclose may, in some sort, be considered the parent, or at the very least, the sponsor of that fulmination. Agustinianism crystallized all the brutalities of the ancient religions, and Calvinism has rehashed for modern times the latter with the older bigaotries. Just as bats in unquestioning security hang by tenacious hooks head downwards to whatever supports them. If anybody growls at these utterances send them to MIROX.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once, and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gum, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. jsealyfeb14.

A firkin was 7 pints.

E. R. Coburn & Co., 740 Elm street, Manchester, are advertising to-day picture frames, ready made or manufactured to order. They are thoroughly conversant with that branch of business, and no doubt good bargains may be obtained from them, as the firm is an old and reliable one. jsealfapril10

A gerah was 2 cents.

Original incidents in the line of soldiers from this vicinity who served during any war, especially the late rebellion, stories of old settlers who once lived about here, etc., no matter by whom written, wanted. Box 249 Plymouth, N. H. jsealfapril12

A farthing was 3 cents.

ON THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above.—N. B.— No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. jsealym26

A great cubit is 11 feet.

Peruvian Syrup cures dyspepsia, general debility, liver complaint, boils, humors, chronic diarrhœa, nervous affections, female complaints, and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood. jel0mapril19

Congress first met in Washington in 1800.

The corn crop is one of great importance. The best corn and largest yields are raised by Bradley's Phosphate. John Saymonds, of Keene, N. H., makes the following statement:—

"I have found Bradley's Superphosphate to answer my purpose as a fertilizer better than anything else I have tried. I use it largely each year on corn, and often experiment with some of the newer brands which are being offered. One season I purchased one-half ton of new fertilizer, highly recommended, and used it on corn by the side of Bradley's, only to find at the end of the season an inferior growth of corn and fodder from the new kind.

Hereafter I shall use nothing but the old Standard Fertiliser, 'Bradley's Superphosphate.'" jealt

A cubit is two feet.

In answer to numerous inquiries we have to say that Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders are a pure article. We know them to be so. They are also most superior to all others as a good thing is superior to a worthless one. jealt

The peace of Villafranca was declared in 1858.

There is no remedy known to science that will so speedily and so effectually cure or relieve lumbago, chronic or acute rheumatism, swollen or stiff joints as Johnson's Anodyne Liniment used internally and externally. jealt

Selkirk was exiled in 1704.

It goes to the mark, is the verdict in regard to Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator as a cure for heart disease. "The first dose helped me" has been remarked by many patients, and its increasing sales are indications of sure merit. Pamphlet free of F. E. Ingalls, of Concord, N. H. Price $1.00 per bottle. For sale by druggists. jsealmjune1

A shekel was about 50 cents.

Thomas Moore was born in 1779.

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Illustrated Definitions.

by which the meaning of many words is made clear at a glance.

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NATIONAL FISH HATCHING.

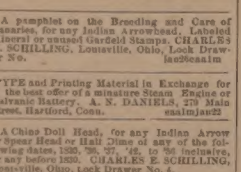
One of the most interesting places to visit in Washington now is the propagating works of the United States fish commission at the old arsenal. The question whether fish can hear has often been discussed, but if those who doubt that they can would come to the fish commission building and see one of the employees rap loudly on the sides of the tanks they would be convinced. The fish jump and huddle together quick enough. The jars containing the shad and salmon eggs are the first objects shown. The salmon eggs are about as big as French peas and the shad eggs about half as big. The shad eggs are trans-parent and one may readily see the fish itself in the egg. Next, the young fish are shown after they have hatched themselves from the egg. They are then extraordinary looking objects—a round ball with a wiggle waggling tail. Then in another tank are shown the salmon ready to be transferred to streams and rivers. They are then about an inch long and considered able to take care of them selves. The salmon appears to be a gregarious bird, like the walrus; they stick to the sides of the jar or rank—in which-ever they happen to find themselves—in layers of four or five deep. They employ their adolescence in wagging their tails; they fondly imagine that they are to live all their lives in a tank and to be fed at the public expense in perfect security from President Arthur and other well known fishermen. This pleasing delusion is rudely dispelled when they find themselves transported to a palace car, in which they are carried to their final destination. There they find the difference between a soft place at Washington and having to make a living for themselves. The commissioners are sending off their progeny by the millions now to various localities. The attempt to grow salmon in certain southern waters is soon to be made.

Timothy seed, 55 pounds per bushel.

A neighbor of ours lost a valuable mare recently, it is supposhd from bots. If he had used 25 cents worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders no bots would have been driving his pretty chestnut mare to-day. Sorry for you, Doctor. These powders are immensely valuable. jealt

A palm is three inches.

Chapped hands. A few drops of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment rubbed into the hands occasionally will keep them soft and free from soreness. Soldiers, sailors and fishermen should remember this. It is the best liniment in the world for any purpose. jealt



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CURES COUGHS, COLDS, SPITTING OF BLOOD AND CONSUMPTION.

The growing popularity of this preparation of Tar as a remedial agent for Throat and Lung Troubles, has thrown upon the market a number of worthless mixtures called Syrup of Tar, prepared with tar, water and opiates; the opiates will sometimes check the cough, but the effects on the system are worse than the result from a hard cough. Ask your doctor, he will tell you the same. Now remember Dr. Topliff's syrup of Tar is the result of long practice by a noted physician, and is a great remedy. All druggists sell it. jesmar5 3m

C. G. CURLEY, M. D., of Boston, says he has used Topliff's Syrup of Tar extensively in his practice, with good results, and takes pleasure in recommending it.

H. G. Leslie, M. D., of Amesbury, Mass., considers it a remedy of great value in the earlier stages of bronchitis.

H. G. Atwood, of Portland, Maine, writes that his daughter was cured of a cough of long standing by the use of four bottles of Topliff's Syrup of Tar.

W. S. Putney, of Webster, was cured of a severe attack of hemorrhage of the lungs, and now highly recommends it.

Rev. Father James Doherty, of Salmon Falls, formerly of Manchester, was cured of lung trouble by its use.

Rev. Father T. P. Linehan, of Portland, Me., has used it successfully for years, and recommends it.

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At Bartlett's Drug Store, Meredith Village.
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NATIONAL FISH HATCHING.

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REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF—

THE PEMIGEWASSET NATIONAL BANK,

At Plymouth, in the State of New Hampshire, at the close of business, May 1st, 1883.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$104,358 84
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	75,000 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	11,300 00
Due from approved reserve agents	15,990 02
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures	1,196 07
Current expenses and taxes paid	1,582 19
Checks and other cash items	153 35
Bills of other banks	4,963 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and pennies	99 19
Specie	600 00
Legal tender notes	3,000 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	3,375 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	500 00
Total	$222,908 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$75,000 00
Surplus fund	1,500 00
Undivided profits	5,528 74
National bank notes out tanding	67,500 00
Individual deposits subject to check	63,058 63
Demand certificates of deposit	10,321 08
Total	$222,908 45

State of New Hampshire, County of Grafton, ss. I, O. B. Copeland, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. O. B. COPELAND, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of May, 1883. GEO. H. ADAMS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

NATHAN H. WEEKS, }
PLUMMER FOX, } Directors.
GEO. H. ADAMS, }

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THE LANGDON PARK MEETING.

The adjourned meeting of the Langdon park association occurred in C. A. Jewell's office Saturday evening and the room was well filled in spite of the rain by gentlemen who usually are so prompt in attendance.

Rev. Mr. Shinn spoke of the work of the committee appointed to arrange for a Fourth of July celebration. They had met and thought that a large amount of work would be necessary to make it a success and they would not undertake it unless the members of the association were ready to help.

The only expense would be for a band and fireworks which might be secured by a dinner at 50 cents each, and $100 could easily be raised. The celebration will interest people in the park and get money afterwards. The committee desired to report favorably if the members will work.

C. A. Jewell, Esq., desired to offer a suggestion which was that he didn't believe in making money out of a Fourth of July celebration. It isn't patriotic, it is mercenary. He wanted a regular, old fashioned celebration with a free basket picnic in which all should bring their provision, or the town of Plymouth, always generous in such respects, could feed all free, that came and have considerable left. Funds for the park can be procured by entertainments in the Town Hall or a fair. We are losing our regard for the Fourth of July and something should be done to revive it.

Both Mr. Shinn and M. A. Ferrin indorced the above sentiments and it was suggested that the Sunday Schools should participate, there should be speaking, etc. The report of the committee on celebration was then accepted and adopted.

W. F. Langdon wanted a bee at which one of the ponds already made by him, the lower one, should be cislmed out and construct another opposite it. If that was done he would give all he had previously done. Plenty of clay can be dug out of the pond to fix the road and other places needing it. By doing this all the water of the two little streams can be united and turned down the south side of the hill. His proposition was then accepted by vote.

Mr. Jewell read the contract and Mr. Langdon suggested that the right of way to and from his interval on Baker's river through the land he now owned provided for, but with that exception he was satisfied.

The location of a flower garden was discussed on the western slope of the hill where the little pines grow. A croquet ground could also be laid out there. The Fourth of July celebration should be a grand union affair in which all surrounding towns should participate. Such a celebration especially teaches the children patriotism. Long speeches are decidedly objectionable on such occasions The young people don't want to sit and listen to long addresses. The music of home talent is better than long addresses, and the limit should be 10 minutes. There ought to be quartette singing, and music by the children. It was humorously suggested by various persons that ministers, lawyers, and doctors should be excluded from participation, especially the former because so many always think they must preach on such occasions.

Mr. Langdon offered to help draw away the brush free and also promised to give a path eight feet wide from William Irving's house slightly south-east of the park by the two ponds and would help make it. That was added to the contract as well as the right of way through the park to the interval. The contract was then signed by Mr. Langdon and Messrs. Burleigh and Jewell, the committee for the same, Mr. M. A. Ferrin serving as justice of the peace and Mr. J. Hazeltine witnessing it.

A committee consisting of W. F. Langdon, Rev. Q. H. Shinn, C. A. Jewell, M. A. Ferrin and Horatio Kent were appointed a committee to appoint sub-committees and tomake other arrangements to celebrate the Fourth.

It was suggested that Napoleon Bonaparte Bryant, a well known lawyer of Boston, formerly a resident here, would be a good orator to engage on account of his ability and popularity, and C. A. Jewell was authorized to write and secure him if possible.

The meeting then adjourned to the call of the president.

FIRE PRECINCT MEETING.

The annual fire precinct meeting occurred in the hose house hall Tuesday evening, the first time it ever took place there. About 15 settlers were brought from the Town Hall and nearly 75 were present. About sixty votes were cast, the remainder being parties who are not residents here, principally attendants upon court. Alvin Burleigh presided and F. C. Lougee acted as clerk.

The first business was the election of moderator, which was finally accomplished after several ballottings, Henry S. George being the one elected. F. C. Lougee was chosen clerk but declined to serve and F. H. Rollins was elected after some contest.

Alvin Burleigh made the report of the firewards for the past year. The sum of $1,200 has been expended, of which a little over $600 went for water rent, not quite $300 for some new hose, a little over $100 for some of the previous year's bills, and the balance for finishing up the hose house and incidentals. A debt of a few dollars still exists, although the rewards with the aid of small contributions, have graded and turfed the grounds and paid for the lettering over the door. An inventory of the property on hand, consisting of the hose carriage, something over 1,000 feet of hose, mostly fabric, two chemical engines, one of which is left at Amasa Wilcox's on Ward's hill, although one is owned by private parties but cared for by the precinct, with various minor accessories of a fire department, was also read, very little if any having been added during the year, except the hose previously mentioned.

Only three firewards were elected instead of five as heretofore, as that fulfilled the law. C. A. Jewell, J. F. Wiggin and J. T. Cutter were finally selected after numerous ballottings.

The sum of $650 was voted for the rent for the coming year of the 26 hydrants in the village fire system, and $20 for the ground rent of the hose house due the Methodist society.

It was voted to raise $190 for the purchase of hooks, ladders, etc., during the coming year, making $800 in all.

It was voted to do nothing about the pay of the firemen.

It was decided to hold the annual meeting hereafter on the third Tuesday in March, so as to assist the selectmen in making up the inventory with less trouble and delay.

The matter of imperfect setting of hydrants and shutting off water was left with the firewards.

It was voted not to choose any more committees or agents.

Adjournment then occurred at about 11 o'clock after a session of over three hours, no attempt was made during the time, after the election of officers to adjourn for one week, but it was voted down because it would delay the selectmen in their labors, if the votine of appropriations did not take place then.

Quite a discussion occurred concerning the shutting off of water and the condition of some of the hydrants during the winter. Alvin Burleigh stated that a hydrant at the upper part of Highland street was frozen up during the greater part of the cold weather, as well as the one in front of the hose house. The water was also partially shut off for several weeks on some of the side streets, after some repairing of pipes, so that although the small service pipes supplying the houses worked well, the hydrants would prove of very little use as their force would be very slight. The firewards were not notified and that state of things was only discovered by accident.

W. F. Langdon explained that the first hydrant was imperfectly set and the drain vent at the bottom was stopped up, consequently the water froze. The second had evidently been struck by a heavy team that had loosened it. Both had been frozen up some, but he had put salt in them so they were thawed out by that means. The hydrant at the north of

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Prepared by WOMEN'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Buffalo, N. Y., and sold by Druggists. Price, 25 CENTS.

☞For Sale by GEO. C. GOODWIN Co., Boston, Mass.

common was all right except in the spring, when the ground heaved, which disarranged it. He would soon have a man from Goodhue & Berry, Springfield, Mass., who laid the pipes and they would fix all these. Mr. Langdon said the contract did not require the company to notify a majority of the firewards when water was shut off, except in the main pipe which extended to the foot of Highland street. Many of those present did not assent to this interpretation and a reading of the contract was had, but no decision was made.

L. M. Howe said the company violated its contract in not allowing the hydrants to be used for sprinkling purposes, but W. F. Langdon said that hydrants are never used anywhere for that purpose, never used anywhere for that purpose, never used anywhere for that purpose,

NEWS OF THE DAY

GENERAL ITEMS.

—Reports up to date show 267 persons to have been killed by tornadoes in this country since January 1. During 1881, 187 persons thus lost their lives, and in 1882, 369.

—The President has selected Boston, Atlanta, and Chicago as the names for the three new steel cruisers of the navy. The new dispatch boat will be named Eagle or Hiawatha.

—The Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania will meet in Harrisburg, July 11.

—Two officers of an American steamer have been arrested and jailed in Panama.

—Paymaster Wesson, of the United States army, claims to have been robbed of $25,000 between Fort Worth and Big Spring, Texas. The money was in his valise which was stolen.

—Irregularities have been discovered in the Interior Department, Washington, in connection with the accounts of the Freedmen's Hospital.

—The Governor of New York, in a message, removes the Sheriff of Herkimer county from office in the matter of the Emigration Commissioner.

—Mr. William H. Vanderbilt resigns from the presidency of the three railroads embraced in the "Vanderbilt system." He will still maintain general supervision over their affairs. Mr. Vanderbilt has sailed for Europe.

—Three executions for the crime of murder took place on Friday—that of Governor Hudson (colored), at Lewisville, Ark.; D. F. Walker, at Trenton, Ga., and John Lee (colored), at Gainesville, Fla.

—At Nashville, Tenn., the bail bond of the defaulting ex-State Treasurer Polk was increased, and the defendant not being able to furnish the additional surety, was committed to the County Jail.

—A Tombstone dispatch says General Crook crossed the border with an outfit for a three months' campaign.

—The yellow fever is regarded as epidemic at Rio Janeiro.

—A terrible tragedy is reported from the Yuba Mine in Nova Scotia, by which six persons were instantly killed and five wounded.

—Joseph Berk, the treasurer of Buffalo, who stole the city funds, was sentenced to five years' in Auburn prison.

—Mrs. Myra Clarke Gaines has gained another victory over the city of New Orleans. Her previous verdict has been affirmed, the amount being $1,-678,567. It will now go to the Supreme Court of the United States.

—Minister Sargent has written to the State Department denying the report of an alarming outbreak of trichinosis at Trier, Germany, from eating American pork.

—The steamer Granshaw, plying between Puget Sound and Alaska, has been burned. Sixty Chinese immigrants lost their lives by the disaster.

—Colonel Crook and his command reached Mormon Lake, 30 days ago in pursuit of the hostile Apaches.

—W. B. Stanley, Mayor of Vincennes, Ind., committed suicide, owing, it is believed, to his having been defeated at the polls for re-election.

—Spruce trees are dying rapidly in the Aroostook (Me.) lumber region for some cause at present unknown.

—The Delaware peach crop was not injured by the frosts of the latter part of April. The trees are healthy and in general bloom.

—A. H. Pool, who shot his partner on the cheyenne frontier in mistake for a robber, was released on bail in Boston.

—Two colored men attempted to murder each other in New Orleans under the pretense of a duel.

—The brother of Marshall, the Brooklyn murderer and suicide, is much ill because it is rumored that Mrs. Marshall procured the child, and opened the bible to read by killing the little boy Willard, and she was afterward killed by the husband, who, seeing the result, killed himself.

—One constable shot and killed another in a quarrel over the authority of each at Moncton, N. B.

—Preparations for the reunion of the Society of the army of the Potomac are in progress at Washington.

—The convention between the United States and Spain concerning trade marks has been proclaimed by the President.

—At Barnstable, Mass., Freeman, the Poonsett fanatic who killed his little daughter under, as he alleges, a strong religious conviction, was formally pronounced insane and consigned for murder.

—Sitting Bull and his tribe have started for the reservation, on which they will commence a career as farmers.

—A convict in Sing Sing prison smashed $1,300 worth of stove patterns, and nearly two hundred men are idle for want of moulding.

—A Boston merchant named Albert H. Bent killed his partner named Perkins on the steamer Bristol of the Fall River Line. Both occupied the same state room, and Bent mistook Perkins for a robber.

—At Baltimore, on Monday, three men were arrested in the act of grave robbing.

—The decrease in the United States debt for the month of April amounts to $9,360,000.

—A tornado in Louisiana wrecked many buildings, injured a few persons, but fortunately deprived no one of life.

—Miss Kane, the lawyer who was fined and sent to jail in Milwaukee for throwing a glass of water into a judge's face, while on the bench, says she will never pay the fine if she stays in jail all her life.

—A gang of men were employed to whipping palaces or removing the body of ex-Governor Hahnemann, the tenants of the Keystone cemetery, around and deported by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company at Pottsville, Pa., on Monday, when an explosion took place killing five men and injuring others.

—The prosecution in the Star Route trial refused to submit the case without further argument, as proposed by the defense, and Mr. Bliss commenced his summing up.

—A construction train on the Texas and Pacific Railroad struck a steer when two cars were thrown from the track, killing three men and injuring others.

—The committee engaged in the relief of sufferers by the Mississippi floods report many families in distress.

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